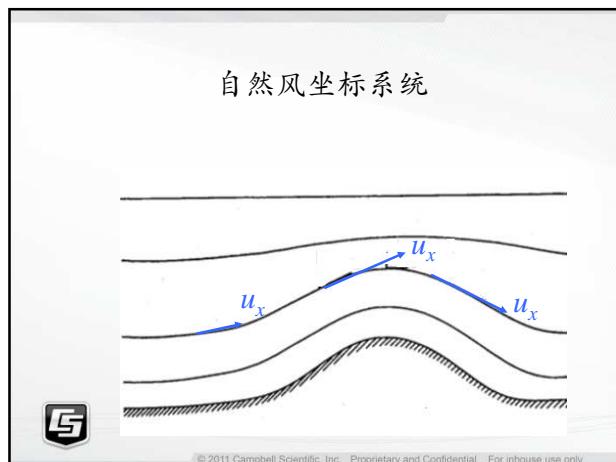
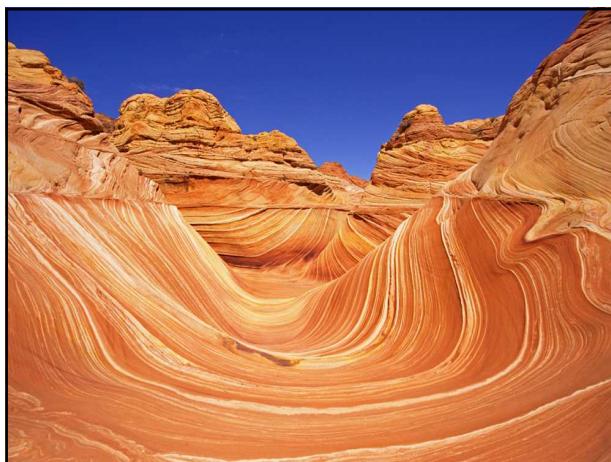
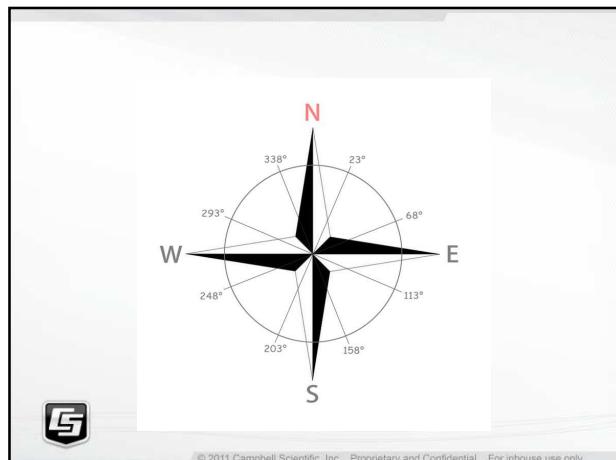
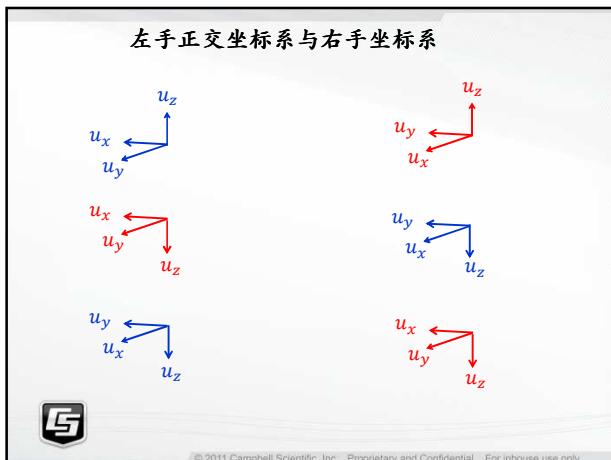
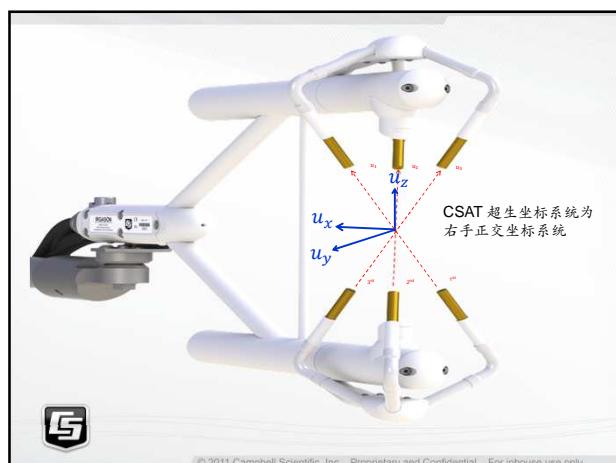


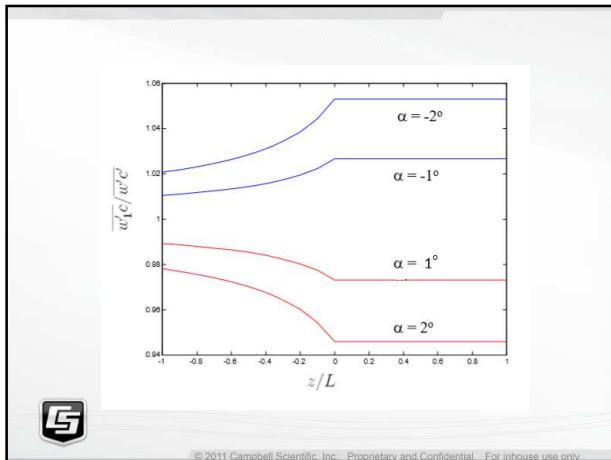
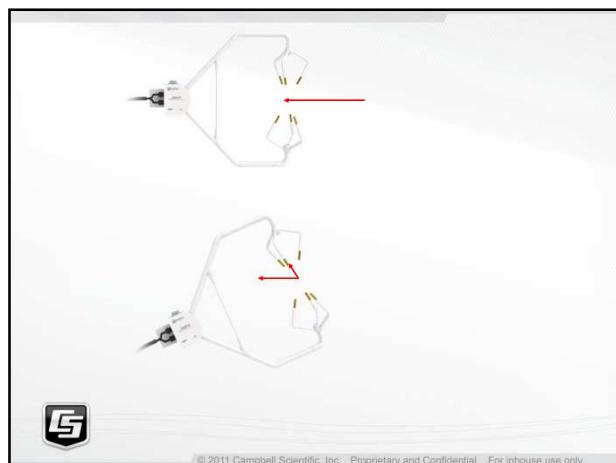
通量计数中的坐标旋转修正：  
二次坐标旋转与平面拟合旋转

 **CAMPBELL SCIENTIFIC**  WHEN MEASUREMENTS MATTER

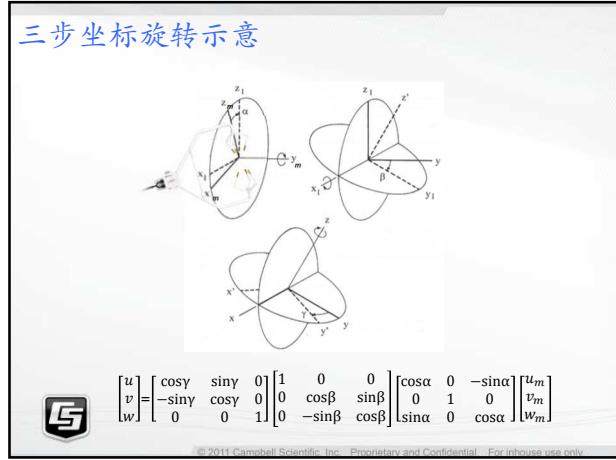
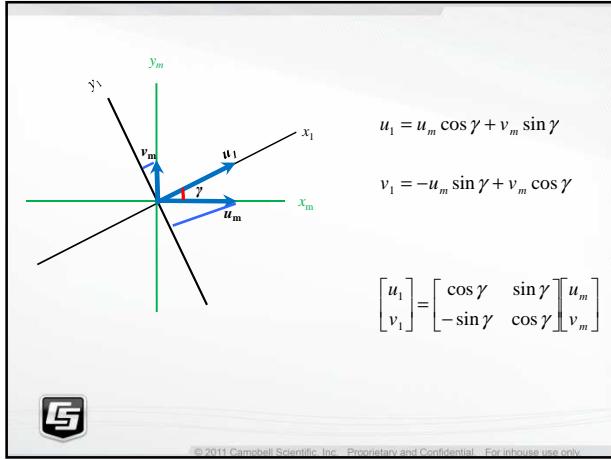
周新华  
Campbell Scientific, US  
第14次 ChinaFLUX 通量理论与技术培训  
2019年8月7日

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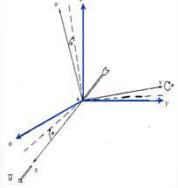
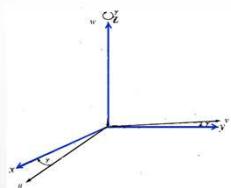




**通量计算中的坐标旋转**  
将超声风速仪测得并表达在其右手正交坐标系的三维风表达到自然风坐标系中。  
实际上是将由风速仪坐标系的动量通量，感热通量， $\text{CO}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{痕量气体通量}$ 表达到自然风坐标系。



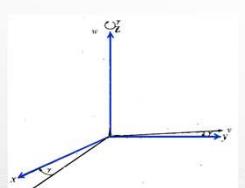
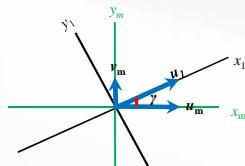
## 二次坐标旋转



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## 第一次旋转

$$\gamma = \arctan\left(\frac{\bar{v}_m}{\bar{u}_m}\right)$$



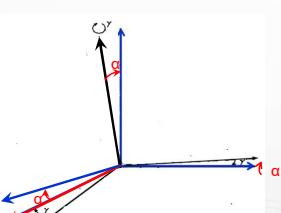
$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_1 \\ \bar{v}_1 \\ \bar{w}_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma & 0 \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m \\ \bar{v}_m \\ \bar{w}_m \end{bmatrix}$$

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## 第二次旋转

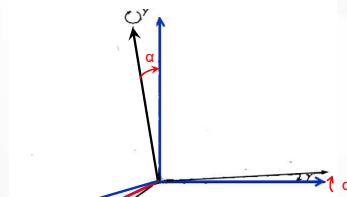
$$\alpha = -\arctan \frac{\bar{w}_1}{\bar{u}_1} = -\arctan \frac{\bar{w}_m}{\bar{u}_m \cos \gamma - \bar{v}_m \sin \gamma}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_2 \\ \bar{v}_2 \\ \bar{w}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & 0 & -\sin \alpha \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin \alpha & 0 & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_1 \\ \bar{v}_1 \\ \bar{w}_1 \end{bmatrix}$$



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## 两次旋转



$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_2 \\ \bar{v}_2 \\ \bar{w}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & 0 & -\sin \alpha \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin \alpha & 0 & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma & 0 \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m \\ \bar{v}_m \\ \bar{w}_m \end{bmatrix}$$

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## 动量协方差的坐标旋转

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_2 \\ \bar{v}_2 \\ \bar{w}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha \cos \gamma & \cos \alpha \sin \gamma & -\sin \alpha \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma & 0 \\ \sin \alpha \cos \gamma & \sin \alpha \sin \gamma & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m \\ \bar{v}_m \\ \bar{w}_m \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_2 \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m \\ \bar{v}_m \\ \bar{w}_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u'_2 \\ v'_2 \\ w'_2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_2 \begin{bmatrix} u'_m \\ v'_m \\ w'_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u'_2 \\ v'_2 \\ w'_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u'_2 & v'_2 & w'_2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_2 \begin{bmatrix} u'_m \\ v'_m \\ w'_m \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u'_m & v'_m & w'_m \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{R}_2^T$$



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$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_2^2 \\ \bar{v}_2^2 \\ \bar{w}_2^2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_2 \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m^2 \\ \bar{v}_m^2 \\ \bar{w}_m^2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_2 \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m^2 & \bar{u}_m \bar{v}_m & \bar{u}_m \bar{w}_m \\ \bar{u}_m \bar{v}_m & \bar{v}_m^2 & \bar{v}_m \bar{w}_m \\ \bar{u}_m \bar{w}_m & \bar{v}_m \bar{w}_m & \bar{w}_m^2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{R}_2^T$$



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## 标量通量 的坐标旋转

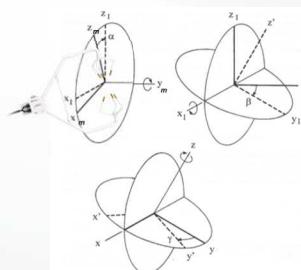
$$Q \begin{bmatrix} u'_2 \\ v'_2 \\ w'_2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_2 Q \begin{bmatrix} u'_m \\ v'_m \\ w'_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{Q}{Q} u'_2 \\ \frac{Q}{Q} v'_2 \\ \frac{Q}{Q} w'_2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_2 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{Q}{Q} u'_m \\ \frac{Q}{Q} v'_m \\ \frac{Q}{Q} w'_m \end{bmatrix}$$



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## 三步坐标旋转示意



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$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u} \\ \bar{v} \\ \bar{w} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos\beta & -\sin\beta \\ 0 & \sin\beta & \cos\beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_2 \\ \bar{v}_2 \\ \bar{w}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos\beta & -\sin\beta \\ 0 & \sin\beta & \cos\beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_2 \\ v_2 \\ w_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



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$$\begin{aligned} \overline{u'^2} &= \overline{u_2'^2} \\ \overline{v'^2} &= \overline{v_2'^2} \cos\beta + 2\overline{v'_2 w'_2} \sin\beta \cos\beta + \overline{w_2'^2} \sin\beta \\ \overline{w'^2} &= \overline{v_2'^2} \cos\beta - 2\overline{v'_2 w'_2} \sin\beta \cos\beta + \overline{w_2'^2} \sin\beta \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{u'v'} &= \overline{u'v'} \cos\beta + \overline{u'w'} \sin\beta \\ \overline{u'w'} &= -\overline{u'v'} \sin\beta + \overline{u'w'} \cos\beta \\ \overline{v'w'} &= -\frac{1}{2} \sin 2\beta (\overline{v_2'^2} - \overline{w_2'^2}) + \overline{v'_2 w'_2} \cos 2\beta \end{aligned}$$



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$$\overline{v'w'} = -(\overline{v_2'^2} - \overline{w_2'^2}) \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\beta + \overline{v'_2 w'_2} \cos 2\beta$$

$$\text{如果 } \overline{v'w'} = 0$$

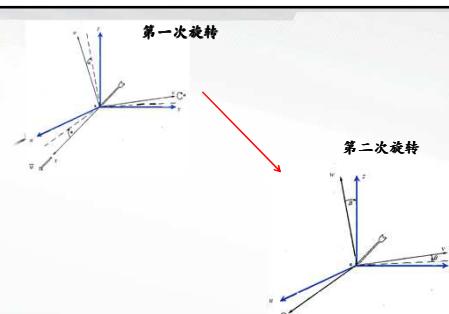
$$\text{则 } \tan 2\beta = \frac{2\overline{v'_2 w'_2}}{\overline{v_2'^2} - \overline{w_2'^2}}$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left( \frac{2\overline{v'_2 w'_2}}{\overline{v_2'^2} - \overline{w_2'^2}} \right)$$



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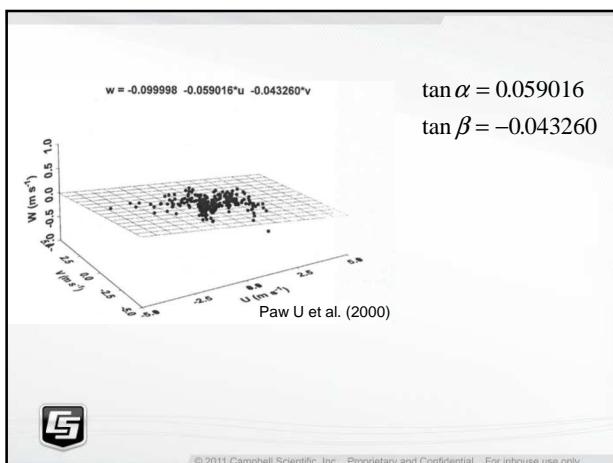
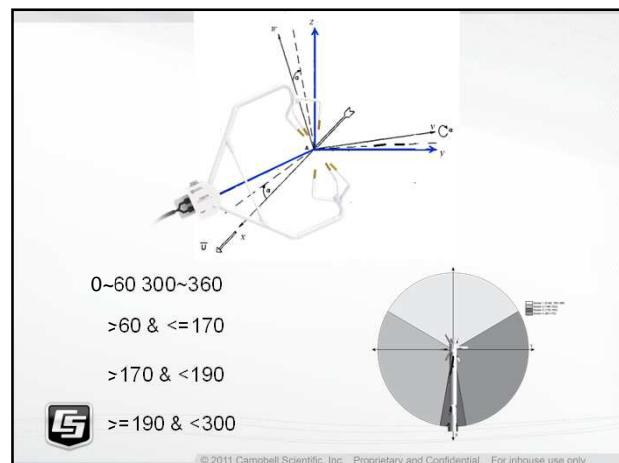
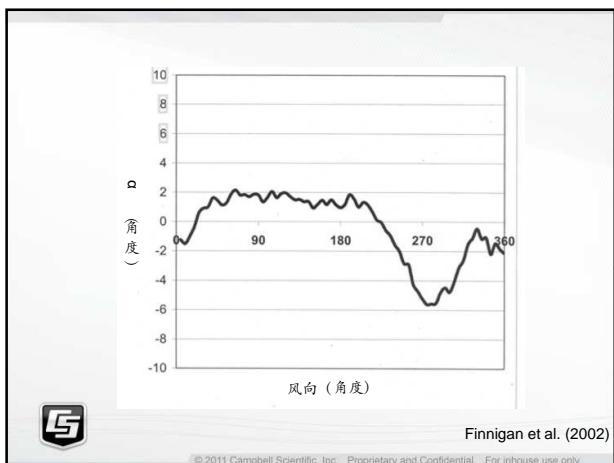
## 平面拟合 坐标旋转



$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos\beta & \sin\beta \\ 0 & -\sin\beta & \cos\beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha & 0 & \sin\alpha \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin\alpha & 0 & \cos\alpha \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_m \\ v_m \\ w_m \end{bmatrix}$$



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$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u} \\ \bar{v} \\ \bar{w} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & 0 & \sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha \sin \beta & \cos \beta & \sin \beta \cos \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha \cos \beta & -\sin \beta & \cos \alpha \cos \beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m \\ \bar{v}_m \\ \bar{w}_m \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_p \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m \\ \bar{v}_m \\ \bar{w}_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u' \\ v' \\ w' \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_p \begin{bmatrix} u'_m \\ v'_m \\ w'_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} u' \\ v' \\ w' \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u' & v' & w' \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_p \begin{bmatrix} u'_m & v'_m & w'_m \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{R}_p^T$$

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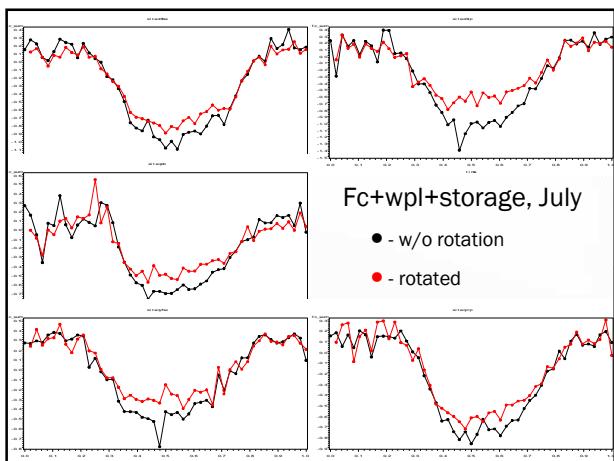
$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}^2 & \bar{u}'\bar{v}' & \bar{u}'\bar{w}' \\ \bar{u}'\bar{v}' & \bar{v}^2 & \bar{v}'\bar{w}' \\ \bar{u}'\bar{w}' & \bar{v}'\bar{w}' & \bar{w}^2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_p \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m^2 & \bar{u}_m'\bar{v}_m' & \bar{u}_m'\bar{w}_m' \\ \bar{u}_m'\bar{v}_m' & \bar{v}_m^2 & \bar{v}_m'\bar{w}_m' \\ \bar{u}_m'\bar{w}_m' & \bar{v}_m'\bar{w}_m' & \bar{w}_m^2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{R}_p^T$$

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$$Q \begin{bmatrix} u' \\ v' \\ w' \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_p Q \begin{bmatrix} u'_m \\ v'_m \\ w'_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{Q}u' \\ \bar{Q}v' \\ \bar{Q}w' \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{R}_p \begin{bmatrix} \bar{Q}u'_m \\ \bar{Q}v'_m \\ \bar{Q}w'_m \end{bmatrix}$$

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### 二次旋转

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_2 \\ \bar{v}_2 \\ \bar{w}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & 0 & -\sin \alpha \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin \alpha & 0 & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma & 0 \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m \\ \bar{v}_m \\ \bar{w}_m \end{bmatrix}$$

### 平面拟合

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_2 \\ \bar{v}_2 \\ \bar{w}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \beta & \sin \beta \\ 0 & -\sin \beta & \cos \beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & 0 & \sin \alpha \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \alpha & 0 & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{u}_m \\ \bar{v}_m \\ \bar{w}_m \end{bmatrix}$$



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### 主要参考文献

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# Questions ?



# 谢谢！



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